OMB Approved No. 2900-0808 Respondent Burden: 45 minutes Expiration Date: 04-30-2017

Department of Veterans	s Affairs	BACK DI	(THORACOLUMBA SABILITY BENEFIT	AR SPINE) CONDITIONS IS QUESTIONNAIRE
IMPORTANT - THE DEPARTME PROCESS OF COMPLETING ANI REVERSE BEFORE COMPLETING	D/OR SUBMIT	RANS AFFAIRS (VA) <i>WILL N</i> TING THIS FORM. PLEASE I	OT PAY OR REIMBURS READ THE PRIVACY AC	<i>E</i> ANY EXPENSES OR COST INCURRED IN THE T AND RESPONDENT BURDEN INFORMATION ON
NAME OF PATIENT/VETERAN				PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
	stionnaire as par			ffairs (VA) for disability benefits. VA will consider the the right to confirm the authenticity of ALL DBQs
			CORD REVIEW	
WAS THE VETERAN'S VA CLAIMS F	ILE REVIEWED)?		
YES NO				
IF YES, LIST ANY RECORDS THAT	WERE REVIEW	ED BUT WERE NOT INCLUDE	D IN THE VETERAN'S VA C	CLAIMS FILE:
IF NO, CHECK ALL RECORDS REVI	EWED:			
Military service treatment record		Department of Defense Form 2		
Military service personnel record	is 🗌	Veterans Health Administration	medical records (VA treatm	ent records)
Military enlistment examination		Civilian medical records		
Military separation examination	. H		ses (family and others who	have known the veteran before and after military service)
Military post-deployment question	onnaire	Other:		
		No records were reviewed		
NOTE: These are condition(a) for w	hich on avaluat		- DIAGNOSIS	V(A) or for which the Victorian has requested medical
evidence be provided for submission		ion has been requested on an ex	am request form (internal	VA) or for which the Veteran has requested medical
1A. LIST THE CLAIMED CONDITION	(S) THAT PERT	TAIN TO THIS DBQ:		
NOTE: These are the diagnoses deter	rmined during t	his current evaluation of the clai	med condition(s) listed abov	ve. If there is no diagnosis, if the diagnosis is different from
a previous diagnosis for this condition	n, or if there is a	diagnosis of a complication due	to the claimed condition, e	xplain your findings and reasons in comments section. Date date determined through record review or reported history.
1B. SELECT DIAGNOSES ASSOCIA		-		aute determined infough record review of reported instory.
			11 27	your findings and reasons in comments section.)
Mechanical back pain	-	e:		
syndrome	100 000			
Lumbosacral sprain/strain		e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Facet joint arthropathy (degenerative joint disease	ICD Code	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
of lumbosacral spine)				
Degenerative disc disease		9:	Date of diagnosis:	
Degenerative scoliosis Foraminal/lateral recess/		e:	Date of diagnosis:	
central stenosis		e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Degenerative spondylolisthesis	ICD Code	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Spondylolysis/isthmic spondylolisthesis	ICD Code	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Intervertebral disc syndrome	ICD Code	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Radiculopathy	ICD Code	e:		
Ankylosis of thoracolumbar spin	e ICD Code	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Ankylosing spondylitis of the thoracolumbar spine (<i>back</i>)	ICD Code	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
		tional manifestations of ankylos	ing spondylitis, ALSO con	nplete the Non-degenerative Arthritis DBQ and the
Vertebral fracture (vertebrae of the back)	2	e:	Date of diagnosis:	
Other (specify)				
Other diagnosis #1:				
ICD Code:	Dat	te of diagnosis:		

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SECTION I - DIAGNOSIS (Continued)							
1B. SELECT DIAG	NOSES ASSOCIATE	D WITH THE CLAIMED CON	IDITION(S) (Check all that apply) (Continued):				
Other diagnos	sis #2:						
ICD Code:		Date of diagnosis:					
Other diagnos	sis #3:						
ICD Code:		Date of diagnosis:					
1C. COMMENTS (if any):						
	1D. WAS AN OPINION REQUESTED ABOUT THIS CONDITION (internal VA only)?						
YES	NO N/A						
2A DESCRIBE TH	E HISTORY (includi		ECTION II - MEDICAL HISTORY E VETERAN'S THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITION (brief summary):				
	· · · ·						
2B. DOES THE VE		IAT FLARE-UPS IMPACT TH	E FUNCTION OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back)?				
		DESCRIPTION OF THE IMP	ACT OF FLARE-UPS IN HIS OR HER OWN WORDS:				
repetitive use)	 2C. DOES THE VETERAN REPORT HAVING ANY FUNCTIONAL LOSS OR FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) (regardless of repetitive use)? YES NO IF YES, DOCUMENT THE VETERAN'S DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONAL LOSS OR FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT IN HIS OR HER OWN WORDS: 						
SECTION III - INITIAL RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) MEASUREMENTS							
etc, on pressure of Following the initial that 3 repetitions of	or manipulation. Docu assessment of ROM ROM (at a minimum)	ment painful movement in Se , perform repetitive use testing) can serve as a representativ	nt of painful motion, which could be evidenced by visible behavior such as facial expression, wincing, action 5. g. For VA purposes, repetitive use testing must be included in all joint exams. The VA has determined re test of the effect of repetitive use. After the initial measurement, reassess ROM after 3 repetitions.				
3A. INITIAL ROM N	easurements in quest	IOII 4A.					
	Joint Movement	ROM Measurement	If ROM testing is not indicated for the veteran's condition or not able to be performed, please explain why, and then proceed to Section 5:				
	Forward Flexion (normal endpoint = 90 degrees)	Not indicated					
	Extension (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform					
ВАСК	Right Lateral Flexion (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform					
	Left Lateral Flexion (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform					
	Right Lateral Rotation (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform					
	Left Lateral Rotation (normal endpoint = 30 degrees)	Not indicated					

SECTION III - INITIAL RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) MEASUREMENTS (Continued) 3B. DO ANY ABNORMAL ROMS NOTED ABOVE CONTRIBUTE TO FUNCTIONAL LOSS? YES (you will be asked to further describe these limitations in Section 7 below) NO, EXPLAIN WHY THE ABNORMAL ROMS DO NOT CONTRIBUTE:							
		NORMAL RANGE OF MOTION IDEN urologic disease), EXPLAIN:	NTIFIED ABOVE BUT IS NORMAL FOR TH	IIS VETERAN (for reas	ons other than a back		
	SE	CTION IV - ROM MEASUREME	NTS AFTER REPETITIVE USE TEST	ſING			
4A. POST-TEST ROM MEASU Is the veteran a		epetitive-use testing?	Is there additional limitation in ROM after repetitive-use testing?	Joint Movement	Post-test ROM Measurement		
Yes If yes, perform re	potitivo uso tost	ing		Forward Flexion	Medsurement		
		proceed to Section 5	No, there is no change in ROM	Extension			
			after repetitive testing	Left Lateral			
			If yes, report ROM after a minimum of 3 repetitions.	Flexion Right Lateral			
			If no, documentation of ROM after	Flexion Left Lateral			
			repetitive-use testing is not required.	Rotation			
				Right Lateral Rotation			
YES (you will be asked t	o further descr	ATIONS OF ROMS NOTED ABOVE ibe these limitations in Section 7 bei DDITIONAL LIMITATIONS OF ROMS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
		SECTI	ON V - PAIN				
	UL ON ACTIV	E, PASSIVE AND/OR REPETITIVE U	JSE TESTING				
Are any ROM movements painful on active, passive and/or repetitive use testing? (<i>If yes, identify whether active,</i> <i>passive, and/or repetitive use</i> <i>in question 5D</i>)	pain co	<i>are painful movements)</i> , does the ontribute to functional loss or itional limitation of ROM?	If no <i>(the pain does not contribute to fur</i> explain why the p	nctional loss or addition pain does not contribute:			
Yes	~	u will be asked to further describe mitations in Section 7 below)					
5B. PAIN WHEN USED IN WE	IGHT-BEARING	G OR IN NON WEIGHT-BEARING					
Is there pain when the joint is used in weight-bearing or non weight-bearing? (If yes, identify whether weight- bearing or non weight-bearing in question 5D)	used in weight-bearing or non weight-bearing? If yes, identify whether weight- bearing or non weight-bearing), does the pain contribute to functional loss or additional limitation of ROM?						
Ves		nu will be asked to further describe mitations in Section 7 below)					
5C. LOCALIZED TENDERNES	S OR PAIN ON	I PALPATION					
Does the Veteran have localize or pain to palpation of joints or		If yes, describe including	location, severity and relationship to condi	tion(s) listed in the Diag	nosis section:		
Yes N	0						
5D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:							

SECTION VI - GUARDING AND MUSCLE SPASM					
6A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE GUARDING OR MUSCLE SPASM OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back)?					
6B. GAIT:					
NORMAL					
ABNORMAL					
Due to:					
Muscle spasm					
Guarding					
Other, describe and provide etiology:					
UNABLE TO EVALUATE, PROVIDE REASON:					
6C. SPINAL CONTOUR:					
NORMAL					
Due to:					
Muscle spasm					
Guarding					
Other, describe and provide etiology:					
UNABLE TO EVALUATE, PROVIDE REASON:					
SECTION VII - FUNCTIONAL LOSS AND ADDITIONAL LIMITATION OF ROM					
NOTE: The VA defines functional loss as the inability, due to damage or infection in parts of the system, to perform normal working movements of the body with normal excursion, strength, speed, coordination and/or endurance. As regards the joints, factors of disability reside in reductions of their normal excursion of					
movements in different planes.					
Using information from the history and physical exam, select the factors below that contribute to functional loss or impairment (regardless of repetitive use) or to additional limitation of ROM after repetitive use for the joint or extremity being evaluated on this DBQ:					
7A. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY (check all that apply and indicate side affected):					
Less movement than normal (due to ankylosis, limitation or blocking, adhesions, tendon-tie-ups, contracted scars, etc.)					
More movement than normal (from flail joints, resections, nonunion of fractures, relaxation of ligaments, etc.)					
Weakened movement (due to muscle injury, disease or injury of peripheral nerves, divided or lengthened tendons, etc.)					
Excess fatigability					
Incoordination, impaired ability to execute skilled movements smoothly					
Pain on movement					
Swelling					
Deformity					
Atrophy of disuse					
Instability of station					
Disturbance of locomotion					
Interference with sitting					
Interference with standing					
Other, describe:					

	ę	SECTIO	N VII - FUNC	TIONAL	LOSS AND ADDITIC	ONAL LIMITATION	I OF ROM (Continued)	
could significant	NOTE: If any of the above factors is/are associated with limitation of motion, the examiner must give an opinion on whether pain, weakness, fatigability, or incoordination could significantly limit functional ability during flare-ups or when the joint is <i>used repeatedly over a period of time</i> and that opinion, if feasible, should be expressed in terms of the degree of additional ROM loss due to pain on use or during flare-ups. The following section will assist you in providing this required opinion.							
7B. ARE ANY OF	THE ABOVE FA	CTORS A	ASSOCIATED	WITH LIMI	TATION OF MOTION?			
	s, complete questi		nd 7D)					
\square NO (If no, j	proceed to questi	on 7D)						
7C. CONTRIBUT	ING FACTORS C	F DISAB	ILITY ASSOC	IATED WIT	H LIMITATION OF MO	TION		
incoordination sig ability during flare	Can pain, weakness, fatigability, or coordination significantly limit functional ility during flare-ups or when the joint is sed repeatedly over a period of time?							
			Forward Flexion		Est. ROM is not feasible			
			Extension		Est. ROM is not feasible			
☐ Yes	s 🗌 No		Right Lateral Flexion		Est. ROM is not feasible			
			Left Lateral Flexion		Est. ROM is not feasible			
		1	Right Lateral Rotation		Est. ROM is not feasible			
			Left Lateral Rotation		Est. ROM is not feasible			
IF YES, DESCRI	YES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE:							
8A. MUSCLE ST	RENGTH - RATE	STRENG	TH ACCORD		N VIII - MUSCLE ST E FOLLOWING SCALE		5	
1/5 Palpable 2/5 Active mo 3/5 Active mo 4/5 Active mo	 8A. MUSCLE STRENGTH - RATE STRENGTH ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING SCALE: 0/5 No muscle movement 1/5 Palpable or visible muscle contraction, but no joint movement 2/5 Active movement with gravity eliminated 3/5 Active movement against gravity 4/5 Active movement against some resistance 5/5 Normal strength 							
Side	Flexion/ Extension	Rate Strength	Is there a re muscle st		If yes, is the reductio claimed condition in th		If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:	
	Hip Flexion	/5						
	Knee Flexion	/5	-					
RIGHT	Knee Extension	/5						
	Ankle Plantar Flexion	/5						
	Ankle Dorsiflexion	/5	Yes	No	Yes	No		
	Foot Abduction	/5						
	Foot Adduction	/5						
	Great Toe Extension	/5						

			SECTION VIII -	MUSCLE STRENC	GTH TESTING (Con	ntinued)	
8A. MUSCLE ST	RENGTH - RATE	STRENG	TH ACCORDING TO TH		1	·······	
1/5 Palpable 2/5 Active mo 3/5 Active mo	ovement with grav ovement against g ovement against s	/ity elimina gravity					
Side	Flexion/ Extension	Rate Strength	Is there a reduction in muscle strength?		on entirely due to the he Diagnosis section?	If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:	
	Hip Flexion	/5					
	Knee Flexion	/5					
LEFT	Knee Extension	/5					
	Ankle Plantar Flexion	/5					
	Ankle	/5	Yes No	Yes	No		
	Foot Abduction	/5					
	Foot Adduction	/5					
	Great Toe Extension	/5					
	VETERAN HAVE	MUSCLE	ATROPHY?				
IF YES, IS THE I] NO MUSCLE ATROPI	HY DUE T	O THE CLAIMED COND	NITION IN THE DIAGN	OSIS SECTION?		
YES	NO IF NO, PI				00.0022		
						C LOCATION OF ATROPHY, PROVIDING	
	TS IN CENTIMET		IORMAL SIDE AND COR	RESPONDING ATRO	PHIED SIDE, MEASU	RED AT MAXIMUM MUSCLE BULK.	
			1 ··· - f ··· - manual of		1 1		
	WER EXTREMIT	f (specify	location of measuremen	t such as "10cm above	e or below elbow"):		
CIRCUMFI	ERENCE OF MOR	RENORM	AL SIDE: CM	CIRCUMFERENC	E OF ATROPHIED SI	DE: CM	
	ER EXTREMITY	(specify lo	ocation of measurement.	such as "10cm above	or below elbow"):		
CIRCUMFERENCE OF MORE NORMAL SIDE: CM CIRCUMFERENCE OF ATROPHIED SIDE: CM							
8C. COMMENTS	8C. COMMENTS, IF ANY:						
				SECTION IX - AN	KYLOSIS		
			AS ANKYLOSIS OF THE				
NOTE: For VA compensation purposes, unfavorable ankylosis is a condition in which the entire cervical spine, the entire thoracolumbar spine, or the entire spine is fixed in flexion or extension, and the ankylosis results in one or more of the following: difficulty walking because of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the mouth and chewing; breathing limited to diaphragmatic respiration; gastrointestinal symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia; atlantoaxial or cervical subluxation or dislocation; or neurologic symptoms due to nerve root stretching. Fixation of a spinal segment in neutral position (0 degrees) always represents favorable ankylosis.							
	EVERITY OF ANI ankylosis of the er						
	le ankylosis of the		-				
		entire spir	ne (cervical and thoraco	lumbar)			
No ankylos							
9B. COMMENTS	9B. COMMENTS, IF ANY:						
				SECTION X - REF	LEX EXAM		
	DON REFLEXES	- RATE D	EEP TENDON REFLEXE	ES (DTRs) ACCORDIN	IG TO THE FOLLOWIN	NG SCALE:	
0 Absent 1+ Hypoac 2+ Normal	tive	R	IGHT:	KNEE: +	ANKLE: +		
3+ Hyperad	ctive without clonu ctive with clonus	is l	LEFT:	KNEE: +	ANKLE: +		

		SECTIO	ON X - REFLEX EXAN	(Continued)		
10B. COMMENTS	S, IF ANY:					
	OR SENSATION TO LIGHT TOUCH (de		CTION XI - SENSOR	Y EXAM		
Side	Upper Anterior Thigh (L2)	,	gh/Knee (<i>L3/4</i>)	Lower Leg/A	nkle <i>(L4/L5/S1)</i>	Foot/Toes (L5)
RIGHT						
-	Normal Decreased	Norm	al Decreased	Normal	Decreased Absent	Normal Decreased
LEFT	Normal Decreased	Norm	al Decreased	Normal	Decreased Absent	Normal Decreased
11B. WERE OTHE	ER SENSORY TESTS INDICATED AND	PERFORME				
YES	NO					
IF YES, INDICATE	E RESULTS: Position Sense		Vibration	Sensation		Cold Sensation
Side	(grasp great toe on sides and as		(place low-pitch	ed tuning fork ove		tal extremities for cold sensation with
Side	to identify up and down move	ment)	, Š	<i>f great toe)</i> ot tested	side o	of tuning fork or other cold object) Not tested
RIGHT	Normal Decreased	Absent			Absent Nor	mal Decreased Absent
LEFT	Normal Decreased	Absent	Normal D	ecreased	Absent Nor	mal Decreased Absent
	ISORY FINDINGS, IF ANY:					
THE OTHER SEN	NOUTTINDINGS, IL ANT.					
		SECTION	XII - STRAIGHT LEG	RAISING TEST	-	
positive if the pair	can be performed with the Veteran sea n radiates below the knee, not merely l ositive test suggests radiculopathy, ofte	imited to the	back or hamstring musc			
12. PROVIDE STRAIGHT LEG RAISING TEST RESULTS:						
		NABLE TO P NABLE TO P				
		SEC	CTION XIII - RADICUL	OPATHY		
	pathy is considered to be any condition					
13A. DOES THE V	VETERAN HAVE RADICULAR PAIN OF NO	ANY OTHER	R SUBJECTIVE SYMPTC	MS DUE TO RAD	ICULOPATHY?	
	TE QUESTIONS 13B-13K, INCLUDING	SYMPTOMS	, SEVERITY OF RADICU	LOPATHY AND N	IERVE ROOTS INVO	DLVED (check all that apply)
IF THE VETERAN	I REPORTED RADICULAR-TYPE SYMI	PTOMS IN TH	HE MEDICAL HISTORY S	ECTION ABOVE	THAT YOU FIND AF	RE NOT DUE TO RADICULOPATHY,
PLEASE PROVID	E RATIONALE:					
			,		.1 1 .	
Present	Absent (does not occur) Page location and severity:	ain is present	, but not due to radiculopa	ithy (<i>if checked, p</i>	provide rationale in	question 13K below)
Right lower e		Modera	ite Severe			
Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe						
	ENT PAIN (subjective symptom)					
Present	Absent (<i>does not occur</i>)	Pain is prese	nt, but not due to radiculo	pathy <i>(if checked,</i>	provide rationale i	n question 13K below)
Right lower e		Modera	te Severe			
Left lower ex		Modera				
13D. DULL PAIN ((subjective symptom)					
Present		ain is present	, but not due to radiculopa	thy <i>(if checked, p</i>	provide rationale in	question 13K below)
Right lower e	e location and severity: extremity: None Mild	Modera	te Severe			
Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe						

SECTION XIII - RADICULOPATHY (Continued)					
13E. PARESTHESIAS AND/OR DYSESTHESIAS (subjective symptom)					
Present Absent (does not occur) Paresthesias and/or dysesthesias are present, but not due to radiculopathy (if checked, provide rationale in					
If present, indicate location and severity: <i>question 13K below</i>)					
Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe					
Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe					
13F. NUMBNESS (subjective symptom)					
Present Absent (does not occur) Numbness is present, but not due to radiculopathy (if checked, provide rationale in question 13K below)					
If present, indicate location and severity:					
Right lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe					
Left lower extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe					
13G. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OBJECTIVE FINDINGS DUE TO RADICULOPATHY NOT ADDRESSED IN THE PHYSICAL EXAM SECTION?					
YES NO					
IF YES, DESCRIBE:					
IF TES, DESCRIDE.					
13H. INDICATE SEVERITY OF RADICULOPATHY (evaluate severity by incorporating the effects of subjective symptoms and objective findings, if any) AND SIDE AFFECTED:					
Right lower extremity: Not affected Mild Moderate Severe					
Left lower extremity: Not affected Mild Moderate Severe					
13I. SPECIFY NERVE ROOTS INVOLVED (check all that apply):					
INVOLVEMENT OF L2/L3/L4 NERVE ROOTS (femoral nerve)					
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both					
INVOLVEMENT OF L4/L5/S1/S2/S3 NERVE ROOTS (sciatic nerve)					
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both					
OT UED NEDVER (analist name next involved)					
OTHER NERVES (specify nerve root involved):					
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both					
13J. DOMINANT HAND					
RIGHT LEFT AMBIDEXTROUS					
13K. COMMENTS, IF ANY:					
SECTION XIV - OTHER NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES					
14. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHER OBJECTIVE NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES OR FINDINGS (including, but not limited to bowel or bladder problems)					
ASSOCIATED WITH A THORACOLUMBAR SPINE (back) CONDITION?					
YES NO					
IF YES, DESCRIBE CONDITION AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO ANY CONDITION LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION:					
NOTE: If there are neurological abnormalities other than those addressed in the Physical Exam or Radiculopathy sections above, ALSO complete appropriate					
Disability Benefits Questionnaire for each condition identified.					
SECTION XV - INTERVERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND INCAPACITATING EPISODES					
NOTE: For VA purposes, IVDS is a group of signs and symptoms due to nerve root irritation that commonly includes back pain and sciatica (pain along the course of					
the sciatic nerve) in the case of lumbar disc disease, and neck and arm or hand pain in the case of cervical disc disease.					
15A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE IVDS OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE?					
YES NO					
15B. IF YES TO QUESTION 15A ABOVE, HAS THE VETERAN HAD ANY INCAPACITATING EPISODES (a period of acute signs and symptoms due to IVDS that requires					
bed rest prescribed by a physician and treatment by a physician) OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS?					
YES NO					
15C. IF YES TO QUESTION 15B ABOVE, PROVIDE THE TOTAL DURATION OF ALL INCAPACITATING EPISODES OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS:					
Less than 1 week					
At least 1 week but less than 2 weeks					
At least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks					
At least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks					
At least 6 weeks					

SECTION XV - INTER	RVERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND INCAPACITATING EPISODES (Continued)
15D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:	
SECTION XVI - OTHER PERTI	NENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS, SYMPTOMS AND SCARS
	R PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS, OR ANY SCARS NY CONDITIONS OR TO THE TREATMENT OF ANY CONDITIONS LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION ABOVE?
YES NO IF YES, COMPLE	TE QUESTIONS 16B-16D.
16B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHE CONDITIONS LISTED IN THE DIAGNOS	R PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS RELATED TO ANY IS SECTION ABOVE?
	3E (brief summary):
16C. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY SCAR THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION ABOVE?	RS (surgical or otherwise) RELATED TO ANY CONDITIONS OR TO THE TREATMENT OF ANY CONDITIONS LISTED IN
YES NO	
IF YES, ARE ANY OF THESE SCARS PAINFL LOCATED ON THE HEAD, FACE OR NECK?	JL OR UNSTABLE; HAVE A TOTAL AREA EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 39 SQUARE CM (6 square inches); OR ARE
	DMPLETE VA FORM 21-0960F-1, SCARS/DISFIGUREMENT.
IF NO, PROVIDE LOCATION AND MEASURE	
Location:	Measurements: length cm X width cm.
	any reason, there is frequent loss of covering of the skin over the scar. If there are multiple scars, enter additional locations v. It is not necessary to also complete a Scars DBQ.
16D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:	
	SECTION XVII - ASSISTIVE DEVICES
	TIVE DEVICES AS A NORMAL MODE OF LOCOMOTION, ALTHOUGH OCCASIONAL LOCOMOTION BY OTHER METHODS
MAY BE POSSIBLE?	ASSISTIVE DEVICES USED (check all that apply and indicate frequency):
Wheelchair	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
Brace	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
Crutches	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
Cane	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
Walker	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
Other:	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
17B. IF THE VETERAN USES ANY ASSISTIVE	E DEVICES, SPECIFY THE CONDITION AND IDENTIFY THE ASSISTIVE DEVICE USED FOR EACH CONDITION:
SEC ⁻	TION XVIII - REMAINING EFFECTIVE FUNCTION OF THE EXTREMITIES
FUNCTION REMAINS OTHER THAN THA	IBAR SPINE <i>(back)</i> CONDITION, IS THERE FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF AN EXTREMITY SUCH THAT NO EFFECTIVE T WHICH WOULD BE EQUALLY WELL SERVED BY AN AMPUTATION WITH PROSTHESIS? <i>(Functions of the upper</i>
	, etc., while functions for the lower extremity include balance and propulsion, etc.)
	D THAT AMPUTATION WITH PROTHESIS WOULD EQUALLY SERVE THE VETERAN.
NO NO	
IF YES, INDICATE EXTREMITIES FOR WHICH	H THIS APPLIES:
	Y THE CONDITION CAUSING LOSS OF FUNCTION, DESCRIBE LOSS OF EFFECTIVE FUNCTION AND PROVIDE
SPECIFIC EXAMPLES (brief summary):	
NOTE: The interview of the	mit the avaminant to avantify the level of non-side from the second state of the secon
	mit the examiner to quantify the level of remaining function; it is not intended to inquire whether the Veteran should esis. For example, if the functions of grasping (hand) or propulsion (foot) are as limited as if the Veteran had an
amputation and prosthesis, the examiner shou	ld check "yes" and describe the diminished functioning. The question simply asks whether the functional loss is to the
same degree as if there were an amputation of	f the affected limb.

SECTION XIX - DIAGNOSTIC TESTING
NOTE: Testing listed below is not indicated for every condition. The diagnosis of degenerative arthritis (osteoarthritis) or traumatic arthritis must be confirmed by imaging studies. Once such arthritis has been documented, even if in the past, no further imaging studies are required by VA, even if arthritis has worsened. Imaging studies are not required to make the diagnosis of IVDS; Electromyography (EMG) studies are rarely required to diagnose radiculopathy in the appropriate clinical setting. For purposes of this examination, the diagnoses of IVDS and radiculopathy can be made by a history of characteristic radiating pain and/or sensory changes in the legs, and objective clinical findings, which may include the asymmetrical loss or decrease of reflexes, decreased strength and/or abnormal sensation.
19A. HAVE IMAGING STUDIES OF THE THORACOLUMBAR SPINE BEEN PERFORMED AND ARE THE RESULTS AVAILABLE?
IF YES, IS ARTHRITIS DOCUMENTED?
19B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE A VERTEBRAL FRACTURE? YES NO IF YES, PROVIDE PERCENT OF LOSS OF VERTEBRAL BODY HEIGHT: %
19C. ARE THERE ANY OTHER SIGNIFICANT DIAGNOSTIC TEST FINDINGS OR RESULTS? YES NO IF YES, PROVIDE TYPE OF TEST OR PROCEDURE, DATE AND RESULTS (brief summary):
19D. IF ANY TEST RESULTS ARE OTHER THAN NORMAL, INDICATE RELATIONSHIP OF ABNORMAL FINDINGS TO DIAGNOSED CONDITIONS:
SECTION XX - FUNCTIONAL IMPACT
NOTE: Provide the impact of only the diagnosed condition(s), without consideration of the impact of other medical conditions or factors, such as age.
20. REGARDLESS OF THE VETERAN'S CURRENT EMPLOYMENT STATUS, DO THE CONDITION(S) LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION IMPACT HIS OR HER ABILITY TO PERFORM ANY TYPE OF OCCUPATIONAL TASK (such as standing, walking, lifting, sitting, etc.)? VES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE THE FUNCTIONAL IMPACT OF EACH CONDITION, PROVIDING ONE OR MORE EXAMPLES:

SECTION XXII	PHYSICIAN'S	CERTIFICATION	AND SIGNATURE

CERTIFICATION - To the best of my knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, complete and current.

22A. PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE		22B. PHYSICIAN'S PRINTED NAME		22C. DATE SIGNED			
22D. PHYSICIAN'S PHONE NUMBER	22E. PHYSICIAN	'S MEDICAL LICENSE NUMBER	22F. PHYSICIAN'S ADDRESS				
NOTE: VA may request additional medical information, including additional examinations, if necessary to complete VA's review of the veteran's application.							

IMPORTANT - Physician please fax the completed form to

(VA Regional Office FAX No.)

NOTE: A list of VA Regional Office FAX Numbers can be found at www.vba.va.gov/disabilityexams or obtained by calling 1-800-827-1000.

PRIVACY ACT NOTICE: VA will not disclose information collected on this form to any source other than what has been authorized under the Privacy Act of 1974 or Title 38, Code of Federal Regulations 1.576 for routine uses (i.e., civil or criminal law enforcement, congressional communications, epidemiological or research studies, the collection of money owed to the United States, litigation in which the United States is a party or has an interest, the administration of VA programs and delivery of VA benefits, verification of identity and status, and personnel administration) as identified in the VA system of records, 58/VA21/22/28, Compensation, Pension, Education and Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Records - VA, published in the Federal Register. Your obligation to respond is required to obtain or retain benefits. VA uses your SSN to identify your claim file. Providing your SSN will help ensure that your records are properly associated with your claim file. Giving us your SSN account information is voluntary. Refusal to provide your SSN by itself will not result in the denial of benefits. VA will not deny an individual benefits for refusing to provide his or her SSN unless the disclosure of the SSN is required by a Federal Statute of law in effect prior to January 1, 1975, and still in effect. The requested information is considered relevant and necessary to determine maximum benefits under the law. The responses you submit are considered confidential (38 U.S.C. 5701). Information submitted is subject to verification through computer matching programs with other agencies.

RESPONDENT BURDEN: We need this information to determine entitlement to benefits (38 U.S.C. 501). Title 38, United States Code, allows us to ask for this information. We estimate that you will need an average of 30 minutes to review the instructions, find the information, and complete the form. VA cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless a valid OMB control number is displayed. You are not required to respond to a collection of information if this number is not displayed. Valid OMB control numbers can be located on the OMB Internet Page at www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. If desired, you can call 1-800-827-1000 to get information on where to send comments or suggestions about this form.